# SAFETY DATA SHEET

KV25010U01

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : BLUE RIBBON 5G PAIL

**Product type** : Liquid.

**SDS #** : 6q9g:41pc:8j8

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

| Identified uses |
|---|
| Roller and blanket wash for lithographic printing |

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|---|---|
| Not applicable. | |

**Supplier's details** : Varn International, Inc., a Flint Group Business
1333 N. Kirk Road
Batavia, IL 62510
United States

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : For Health and Safety Questions during business hours call 1-800-336-8276
24 Hour Emergency Spill Contact call 1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec (US/Canada)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** :

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.
Causes skin and eye irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements**

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|---|---|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 30 - 60 | 64742-47-8 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | 15 - 40 | 64742-95-6 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 10 - 30 | 95-63-6 |
| (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol | 1 - 5 | 34590-94-8 |
| xylene | 1 - 5 | 1330-20-7 |
| cumene | .1 - 1 | 98-82-8 |

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, $CO_2$, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|---|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**<br>TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).**<br>TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.<br>TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**<br>TWA: 125 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>STEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | |
|---|---|
| | TWA: 600 mg/m³ 10 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**<br>STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).**<br>TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**<br>STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| cumene | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 245 mg/m³ 10 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Blue.

**Odor** : Hydrocarbon.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Melt point/Freeze point** : Not available.

**Boiling point** : Not available.

**Flash point** : Between 37.8°C (100°F) and 61°C (142°F).

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.

**Vapor pressure** : 0.36 kPa (2.7 mm Hg) [room temperature]

**Vapor density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : Not available.

**Solubility** : Not available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.2 $cm^2/s$ (<20 cSt)

**Density** : 6.906 lbs/gal

**VOC data**

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**VOC % by weight** : 97.67

**VOC % by volume** : 95.42

**VOC lbs/gallon** : 6.75

**VOC lbs/gal less water** : 6.75

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| cumene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 39000 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1400 mg/kg | - |

### Carcinogenicity

#### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|---|---|---|---|
| xylene | - | 3 | - |
| cumene | - | 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|---|---|---|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Narcotic effects |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |
| cumene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|---|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light<br>solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic<br>cumene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

Not available.

**Persistence and degradability**

Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

**Mobility in soil**

Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG | IATA |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **UN number** | UN1210 | UN1210 | UN1210 | UN1210 |
| **UN proper shipping name** | Printing ink related material | PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL | PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL | Printing ink related material |
| **Transport hazard class(es)** | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| **Packing group** | III | III | III | III |
| **Environmental hazards** | No. | Yes. | Yes. | No. |

## Section 14. Transport information

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Additional information** | This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.<br><br>**Reportable quantity**<br>6185.6 lbs / 2808.2 kg [895.96 gal / 3391.6 L]<br>Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.<br><br>**Limited quantity**<br>Yes.<br><br>**Packaging instruction**<br>**Passenger aircraft**<br>Quantity limitation: 60 L<br><br>**Cargo aircraft**<br>Quantity limitation: 220 L<br><br>**Special provisions**<br>B1, IB3, T2, TP1 | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).<br><br>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.<br><br>**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index**<br>5<br><br>**Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index**<br>60<br><br>**Special provisions**<br>59 | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.<br><br>**Emergency schedules (EmS)**<br>F-E, S-D<br><br>**Special provisions**<br>163, 223, 955 | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.<br>**Passenger and Cargo Aircraft**<br>Quantity limitation: 60 L<br>Packaging instructions: 355<br>**Cargo Aircraft Only**<br>Quantity limitation: 220 L<br>Packaging instructions: 366<br>**Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft**<br>Quantity limitation: 10 L<br>Packaging instructions: Y344<br><br>**Special provisions**<br>A3, A72 |

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification** : Fire hazard
Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

**SARA 313**

# Section 15. Regulatory information

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Form R - Reporting requirements** | 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene<br>xylene | 95-63-6<br>1330-20-7 | 17.191<br>1.6167 |
| **Supplier notification** | 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene<br>xylene | 95-63-6<br>1330-20-7 | 17.191<br>1.6167 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

## State regulations

### California Prop. 65

This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

# Section 16. Other information

## History

**Date of printing** : 10/20/2016

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 6/23/2016

**Date of previous issue** : 5/9/2016

**Version** : 1.01

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

## Notice to reader

**Flint Group has prepared this Safety Data Sheet (“SDS”) in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, understands that its customers may use this SDS to comply with that section, and believes that the data set forth herein are accurate as of the date hereof; however, this SDS shall not constitute a warranty with respect thereto.**